



**PERSONAL INFORMATION PROTECTION ACT**  
**Breach Notification Decision**

<b>Organization providing notice under section 34.1 of PIPA</b>	Financière des Professionnels (Organization)
<b>Decision number (file number)</b>	P2022-ND-029 (File #021684)
<b>Date notice received by OIPC</b>	June 14, 2021
<b>Date Organization last provided information</b>	June 14, 2021
<b>Date of decision</b>	May 2, 2022
<b>Summary of decision</b>	There is a real risk of significant harm to the individuals affected by this incident. The Organization is required to notify the individuals whose personal information was collected in Alberta, pursuant to section 37.1 of the <i>Personal Information Protection Act</i> (PIPA).
<b>JURISDICTION</b>	
<b>Section 1(1)(i) of PIPA “organization”</b>	<p>The Organization’s head office is in Montreal, Quebec.</p> <p>The Organization is an “organization” as defined in section 1(1)(i) of PIPA.</p>
<b>Section 1(1)(k) of PIPA “personal information”</b>	<p>The Organization reported the incident involved some or all of the following information of some current and former clients and employees:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• name,</li><li>• social insurance number,</li><li>• address,</li><li>• email address,</li><li>• date of birth,</li><li>• passport number,</li><li>• banking information (institution, branch number, transit),</li><li>• chequing account number, credit card number), and</li><li>• customer account number.</li></ul> <p>This information is about identifiable individuals and is “personal information” as defined in section 1(1)(k) of PIPA.</p>

<b>DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> loss <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unauthorized access <input type="checkbox"/> unauthorized disclosure	
<b>Description of incident</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• On April 6, 2021, intrusion alerts were triggered by the remote monitoring system.</li> <li>• As a result, the Organization became aware of a ransomware-type intrusion directed towards some of its servers.</li> <li>• The Organization immediately blocked access to its servers, limiting the scope of the intrusion.</li> <li>• On April 13, 2021, the Organization discovered that certain personal information may have been exfiltrated.</li> <li>• The Organization reported, "All internal systems remain operational and there has been no encryption of data or interruption of services."</li> </ul>
<b>Affected individuals</b>	The incident affected approximately 16,845 individuals, including 22 individuals whose information was collected in Alberta.
<b>Steps taken to reduce risk of harm to individuals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provided complimentary identity theft and credit monitoring solutions, free of charge for 60 months.</li> <li>• Retained cybersecurity firm to monitor the dark web.</li> <li>• Notified local police and relevant authorities.</li> <li>• Adopting measures to strengthen its systems. For example, implemented multi-factor authentication, implemented an audit logs retention policy, and installed software on the servers to enhance remote monitoring.</li> </ul>
<b>Steps taken to notify individuals of the incident</b>	Affected individuals were notified by email or letter on May 31, 2021 and June 17, 2021.

<b>REAL RISK OF SIGNIFICANT HARM ANALYSIS</b>	
<p><b>Harm</b> Some damage or detriment or injury that could be caused to affected individuals as a result of the incident. The harm must also be “significant.” It must be important, meaningful, and with non-trivial consequences or effects.</p>	<p>The Organization reported,</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>Some of the information may be usable to conduct identity theft, to conduct fraudulent banking activities, and for future phishing attempts.</i></p> <p>In my view, a reasonable person would consider that the contact, identity, employment and financial information at issue could be used to cause the harms of identity theft and fraud. Email addresses could be used for the purposes of phishing, increasing the affected individuals’ vulnerability to identity theft and fraud. These are all significant harms.</p>
<p><b>Real Risk</b> The likelihood that the significant harm will result must be more than mere speculation or conjecture. There must be a cause and effect relationship between the incident and the possible harm.</p>	<p>The Organization reported the likelihood that the harm will result is <i>“Low likelihood. We have not indication so far that the data is being misused.”</i></p> <p>In my view, a reasonable person would consider that the likelihood of harm resulting from this incident is increased because the personal information was compromised due to the malicious action of an unknown third party (deliberate intrusion). The Organization reported that certain personal information may have been exfiltrated.</p>

**DECISION UNDER SECTION 37.1(1) OF PIPA**

Based on the information provided by the Organization and given the circumstances of the incident, I have decided that there is a real risk of significant harm to the affected individuals.

A reasonable person would consider that the contact, identity, employment and financial information at issue could be used to cause the harms of identity theft and fraud. Email addresses could be used for the purposes of phishing, increasing the affected individuals' vulnerability to identity theft and fraud. These are all significant harms.

The likelihood of harm resulting from this incident is increased because the personal information was compromised due to the malicious action of an unknown third party (deliberate intrusion). The Organization reported that certain personal information may have been exfiltrated.

I require the Organization to notify the affected individuals whose personal information was collected in Alberta, in accordance with section 19.1 of the *Personal Information Protection Act Regulation* (Regulation).

I understand the Organization notified affected individuals by email on May 31, 2021 and June 17, 2021, in accordance with the Regulation. The Organization is not required to notify the affected individuals again.

Cara-Lynn Stelmack  
Assistant Information and Privacy Commissioner