

PERSONAL INFORMATION PROTECTION ACT Breach Notification Decision

Organization providing notice under section 34.1 of PIPA	HSBC Investment Funds (Canada) Inc. (Organization)
Decision number (file number)	P2018-ND-160 (File #008052)
Date notice received by OIPC	March 19, 2018
Date Organization last provided information	October 22, 2018
Date of decision	December 3, 2018
Summary of decision	There is a real risk of significant harm to the individuals affected by this incident. The Organization is required to notify those individuals whose personal information was collected in Alberta, pursuant to section 37.1 of the <i>Personal Information Protection Act</i> (PIPA).
JURISDICTION	
Section 1(1)(i) of PIPA "organization"	The Organization is an "organization" as defined in section 1(1)(i) of PIPA.
Section 1(1)(k) of PIPA "personal information"	 The information at issue was included on T4RIF and T4RSP forms issued for deceased customers. Some forms were made out to the beneficiaries of the deceased's account and some forms are made out to the estate of the deceased. name of beneficiary/executor, address of beneficiary/executor, income/tax amount, and social insurance number of the beneficiary/deceased. This information is about identifiable individuals and is "personal information" as defined in section 1(1)(k) of PIPA.
DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT	
loss 🗅	unauthorized access Image: unauthorized disclosure
Description of incident	• On February 20, 2018, the Organization mailed T4RIF and T4RSP forms to beneficiaries and estate executors of deceased customers.

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	 On February 26, 2018, a customer attended one of the Organization's branches to return a T4RIF tax form listing inaccurate information. On February 28, 2018, the Organization determined a manual printing error led to the co-mingling of customer and non- customer personal information on T4RIF and T4RSP forms. The correct forms and misaligned forms were combined and contents were not confirmed to be accurate prior to packaging and mailing of the forms. The Organization mailed letters to those individuals who received co-mingled information, and confirm doing so or return the incorrect form to the Organization.
Affected individuals	The incident affected 6 residents of Alberta, 4 of whom are
	deceased.
Steps taken to reduce risk of	Provided one-year credit monitoring and protection to affected
harm to individuals	individuals.
	 Supplied a toll-free number to affected individuals to call if they have questions and to enroll in credit monitoring and protection. Changed process so a dedicated system will host the data in question. Automated the printing of the tax forms. Implemented extra checking/verification.
Steps taken to notify individuals of the incident	Affected individuals were notified by letter beginning on March 20, 2018.
REAL RISK OF SIGNIFICANT HARM ANALYSIS	
Harm	The Organization reported that "The disclosure of affected
Some damage or detriment or	individuals' name, address, and social insurance number (SIN) to
injury that could be caused to	unauthorized parties could result in identity theft and/or fraud."
affected individuals as a result of the incident. The harm must	I agree with the Organization's assessment. The contact information
also be "significant." It must be	(name, address), along with the identity information (social
important, meaningful, and with	insurance number) and financial information (income and tax
non-trivial consequences or	amount) could be used to cause the harms of identity theft and
effects.	fraud. These are significant harms.
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Real Risk	The Organization reported:
The likelihood that the	
significant harm will result must	Although we have determined the disclosed information to
be more than mere speculation	be of a highly sensitive nature, we believe the likelihood of
or conjecture. There must be a	imminent harm to be lessened due to the following factors.
cause and effect relationship	
between the incident and the possible harm.	We are aware of the recipients of the commingled forms.
	Affected individuals are eligible to enroll for a one-year term
	of credit monitoring and protection at the [Organization's]
	expense.
	We will be mailing letters to those in receipt of the
	commingled information requesting they securely destroy
	the incorrect forms and provide confirmation or to return the
	incorrect form to their nearest HSBC Bank Canada branch for
	secure destruction. Along with these instruction [sic], a toll-
	free number will be supplied should they have questions or
	would like to enroll in credit monitoring and protection.
	Although the disclosed information could result in identity
	theft and/or fraud, we have no evidence the information has
	been used for these purposes.
	In my view, a number of factors reduce the likelihood of harm
	resulting in this case, including that the incident resulted from
	human error and not malicious intent, an unintended recipient
	reported the breach to the Organization, and some of the
	documents have been recovered. Nonetheless, considering the
	sensitivity of the information in this case, I am concerned that the
	Organization was not able to retrieve all the documents, or confirm
	that documents were destroyed securely despite attempts to do so.
	Further, the lack of reported incidents resulting from this breach to
	date is not a mitigating factor, as identity theft and fraud can occur months and even years after a data breach.
DECISION UNDER SECTION 37.1(1) OF PIPA	
Based on the information provided by the Organization and given the circumstances of the incident, I	
have decided that there is a real ri	sk of significant harm to the affected individuals.

The contact information (name, address), along with the identity information (social insurance number) and financial information (income and tax amount) could be used to cause the harms of identity theft and fraud. These are significant harms.

A number of factors reduce the likelihood of harm resulting in this case, including that the incident resulted from human error and not malicious intent, an unintended recipient reported the breach to the Organization, and some of the documents have been recovered. Nonetheless, considering the sensitivity of the information in this case, I am concerned that the Organization was not able to retrieve all the documents, or confirm that documents were destroyed securely despite attempts to do so. Further, the lack of reported incidents resulting from this breach to date is not a mitigating factor, as identity theft and fraud can occur months and even years after a data breach.

I require the Organization to notify the affected individuals whose personal information was collected in Alberta in accordance with section 19.1 of the *Personal Information Protection Act Regulation* (Regulation).

I understand the Organization notified affected individuals by letter beginning on March 20, 2018 in accordance with the Regulation. The Organization is not required to notify the affected individuals again.

Jill Clayton Information and Privacy Commissioner